



## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: **XD4060**  
Product name: **SOLIDWAXCLASSIC - WAX FOR PARQUET, GLOSSY-EFFECT**

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **WOOD-RESTORING WAX**

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **RENNER ITALIA S.P.A.**  
Full address: **Via Ronchi Inferiore, 34**  
District and Country: **40061 Minerbio (BO) Italia**  
Tel.: **+39 051-6618211**  
Fax: **+39 051-6606312**

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

**sds@renneritalia.com**

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

**RENNER ITALIA S.p.A. - Tel. +39 051-6618211 (dal lunedì al venerdì dalle 8.30 - 13.00 e dalle 14.00 - 17.30)**

**ITALIA**

**Centro antiveneni Milano - Tel. +39 02-66101029**

**Centro antiveneni Firenze - Tel. +39 055-7947819**

**CROATIA**

**Služba za izvanredna stanja (112)**

**Centar za kontrolu otrovanja (01/2348-342)**

**HUNGARY**

**Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat (ETTSZ)**

**1096 Budapest, Nagyvárad tér 2.**

**Telefon: +36 1 476 6464 (8-16 óráig), +36 80 201 199 (éjjel-nappal hívható) magyar nyelven**

**LATVIA**

**Valsts ugunsdzēsības un glabšanas dienests: (+371) 112**

**Saindešanas un zalu informācijas centrs: (+371) 67042473 (visu diennakti)**

**LITHUANIA**

**Apsinuodijimų kontrolės ir Informacijos biuras visą parą tel. (8 5) 236 2052**

**Bendras pagalbos telefonas: 112**

**NORWAY**

**Emergency number: 113**

**POLSKA**

**Numer telefonu alarmowego: +48 22 615 27 51**

**PORTUGAL**

**Centro de Informação Anti-Venenos: +351 808 250 143**

**BULGARIA - България**

**Национален център по токсикология, МБАЛСМ "Пирогов"**

**телефон: +359 2 9154 233**

**AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND**

**Poisons information Centre, Australia wide: Phone 13 11 26 - H24 Service**

**Police or Fire Brigade: Phone 000 Or New Zealand: 0800 764 766**

**SECTION 2. Hazards identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Hazard classification and indication: --

**2.2. Label elements**

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

**EUH210**

Safety data sheet available on request.

**EUH208**

Contains: Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one methyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements: --

**2.3. Other hazards**

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
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**Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one methyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)**

CAS 55965-84-9  $0 \leq x < 0,0015$

**Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10**

EC

INDEX 613-167-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2120764691-48-xxxx

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

**SECTION 4. First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures**

**EYES:** Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

**INGESTION:** Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

**INHALATION:** Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**



### SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

MAGNESIUM NITRATE

MAGNESIUM NITRATE - It is strongly oxidant and its heat of reaction can cause an ignition in presence of combustible agents. In case of contact with oxidizable substances, it can occur a violent combustion.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities



# RENNER ITALIA S.P.A.

XD4060 - SOLIDWAXCLASSIC - WAX FOR PARQUET, GLOSSY-EFFECT

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Page n. 4 / 12  
Replaced revision:3 (Dated 25/12/2017)

EN

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage ... / >>

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 - Seite 1 von 69 (Fassung 29.03.2019)- Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 91/18)
LTU	Lietuva	LIETUVOS HIGIENOS NORMA HN 23:2011 „CHEMINIŲ MEDŽIAGŲ PROFESINIO POVEIKIO RIBINIAI DYDŽIAI. MATAVIMO IR POVEIKIO VERTINIMO BENDRIEJI REIKALAVIMAI. Nr. V-695/A1-272, 2018-06-12, paskelbta TAR 2018-06-15, i. k. 2018-09988
LVA	Latvija	Ķīmisko vielu aroda ekspozīcijas robežvērtības (AER) darba vides gaisā 2018
NOR	Norge	Fastsatt av Arbeids- og sosialdepartementet 21. august 2018 med hjemmel i lov 17. juni 2005 nr. 62 om arbeidsmiljø, arbeidstid, stillingsvern mv. (arbeidsmiljøloven) § 1-3, § 1-4 og § 4-5
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
SVN	Slovenija	Uradni list Republike Slovenije 20.12.2019 - Uradnem listu RS št. 78/19 -PRAVILNIK o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)

### 1,2-PROPANEDIOL

#### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	474	150			
RD	LTU	7				
RV	LVA	7				
TLV	NOR	79	25			
NDS/NDSch	POL	100				INHAL
WEL	GBR	10				Particulates

#### Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	260	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	26	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	572	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	57,2	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	183	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	20000	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	50	mg/kg

#### Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic		Effects on workers		
	Acute	Acute	local	systemic	Acute	Acute	Chronic
	local	systemic			local	systemic	Chronic
Inhalation			10	50			10
			mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin							10

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-onemethyl- 2H- isothiazol-3-one (3:1)****Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	0,2				INHAL
MV	SVN	0,05				

**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,23	mg/l

**Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL**

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		0,11 mg/kg bw/d		0,09 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	0,02 mg/m3		0,04 mg/m3		0,04 mg/m3		0,02 mg/m3	

**DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER****Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	1,98	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,198	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	7,32	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,732	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	500	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	444	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,34	mg/kg/d

**Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL**

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				50 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation			18 mg/m3	37 mg/m3			30 mg/m3	61 mg/m3
Skin				25 mg/kg bw/d				83 mg/kg bw/d

**Legend:**

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.  
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

**8.2. Exposure controls**

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

**HAND PROTECTION**

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

**SKIN PROTECTION**

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

**EYE PROTECTION**

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>**

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited. If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

NOTE: Determination of the flash point may be NA (not applicable), the product being non flammable.

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	light yellow	
Odour	almost odourless	
Odour threshold	Not available	
pH	7,5	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Boiling range	Not available	
Flash point	> 60 °C	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available	
Lower inflammability limit	Not available	
Upper inflammability limit	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Vapour density	Not available	
Relative density	1	
Solubility	soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Viscosity	Not available	
Explosive properties	Not available	
Oxidising properties	Not available	

**9.2. Other information**

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	3,23 %		
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	6,71 % - 67,11		g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	5,28 % - 52,84		g/litre

**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity****MAGNESIUM NITRATE**

MAGNESIUM NITRATE - Incompatible materials: combustible materials, organic materials, oxidizable materials, dimethylformamide.

Keep away from heat.

**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

**1,2-PROPANEDIOL**

Hygroscopic. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**ETHYL ACETATE**

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>**

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**1,2-PROPANEDIOL**

May react dangerously with: acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, oxidising agents.

**DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER**

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER - it can form explosive mix with air in presence of high temperature (T > 94°C)

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Information not available

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products****1,2-PROPANEDIOL**

May develop: carbon oxides.

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure**2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL**

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

**CYCLOHEXANE**

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL**

May be absorbed by inhalation, ingestion and skin contact; is irritating for the skin and especially for the eyes. May cause damage to the spleen. At room temperature the danger of inhalation is unlikely, due to the low vapour pressure of the substance.

**CYCLOHEXANE**

Irritating for the skin and mucous membranes, and may be absorbed by the skin; nerve damage can occur at high doses and is largely due to the cyclohexanone, its metabolite.

Interactive effects**CYCLOHEXANE**

The substance may enhance the effects of agents such as tri-ortho-cresyl phosphate (TOCP).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>**

1,2-PROPANEDIOL  
LD50 (Oral) 22000 mg/kg  
LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one methyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)  
LD50 (Oral) 66 mg/kg  
LD50 (Dermal) 141 mg/kg  
LC50 (Inhalation) 0,17 mg/l/4h

POLYETHYLENE WAX  
LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER  
LD50 (Oral) 6031 mg/kg  
LD50 (Dermal) 9143 mg/kg  
LC50 (Inhalation) 0,02 mg/l 8 h

**SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

May produce an allergic reaction.  
Contains:  
Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one methyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)

**GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

**12.1. Toxicity**

1,2-PROPANEDIOL  
LC50 - for Fish 40613 mg/l/96h Onchorynchus mykiss  
EC50 - for Crustacea 18340 mg/l/48h Ceriodaphnia dubia  
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 13020 mg/l



**SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>**

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-onemethyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)

LC50 - for Fish	0,188 mg//96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,16 mg//48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0052 mg//72h Skeletonema costatum
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,098 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (28 d)
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,004 mg/l Daphnia magna (21 d)
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0012 mg/l Skeletonema costatum

**POLYETHYLENE WAX**

LC50 - for Fish &gt; 100 mg//96h

**DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER**LC50 - for Fish 10000 mg//96h Lepomis macrochirus  
EC50 - for Crustacea > 1982 mg//48h Daphnia magna**12.2. Persistence and degradability**1,2-PROPANEDIOL  
Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l  
Rapidly degradableMixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one  
methyl- 2H- isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)  
NOT rapidly degradableDIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER  
Rapidly degradable > 80%**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**1,2-PROPANEDIOL  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,07  
BCF 0,09DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,8  
BCF < 100**12.4. Mobility in soil**1,2-PROPANEDIOL  
Partition coefficient: soil/water 0,46**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.**12.6. Other adverse effects**

Information not available

**SECTION 13. Disposal considerations****13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.  
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.  
**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING**  
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



### SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>	
<u>Point</u>	40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

**SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>****15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

**SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Acute Tox. 2</b>	Acute toxicity, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 3</b>	Acute toxicity, category 3
<b>Skin Corr. 1B</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1B
<b>Skin Sens. 1</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1
<b>Aquatic Acute 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
<b>H310</b>	Fatal in contact with skin.
<b>H330</b>	Fatal if inhaled.
<b>H301</b>	Toxic if swallowed.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H317</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>EUH210</b>	Safety data sheet available on request.

**LEGEND:**

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

**GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)

**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

**Note for users:**

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

**CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION**

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

**Changes to previous review:**

The following sections were modified:

03 / 05 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.